

WETLANDS TO THE RESCUE!

How wetlands are a natural tool to limit the
climate crisis



Climate change review

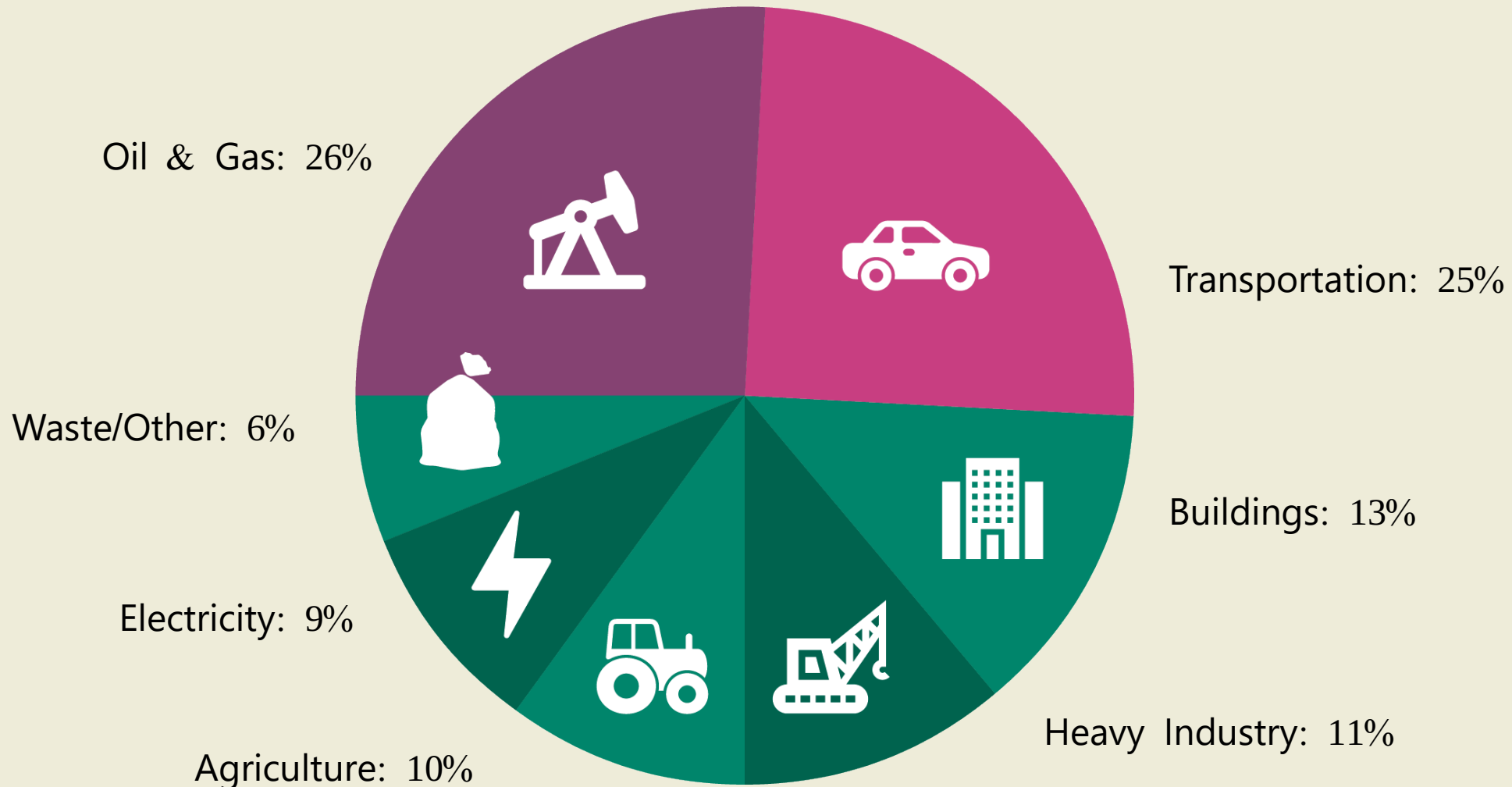


Canada is warming twice as fast as the rest of the world.

Since 1948, Canada's average annual temperature has increased by 1.7°C. Higher temperatures have been observed in the North, Prairies and northern B.C., with the North having warmed by 2.3°C.



Canada's contribution sources



WE CAUSE
CLIMATE CHANGE
**BUT WE CAN
ALSO SOLVE IT.**



Solutions to climate change can be nature-based or behaviour-based.



Nature-based solutions involve protecting and restoring natural spaces

Behaviour-based solutions are household or lifestyle changes



Game time!

HAVE YOU EVER
HEARD OF

AS A

**CLIMATE CHANGE
SOLUTION?**



Have you ever heard of _____ as a **climate change solution**?

Carpooling, biking, walking to school, taking public transit



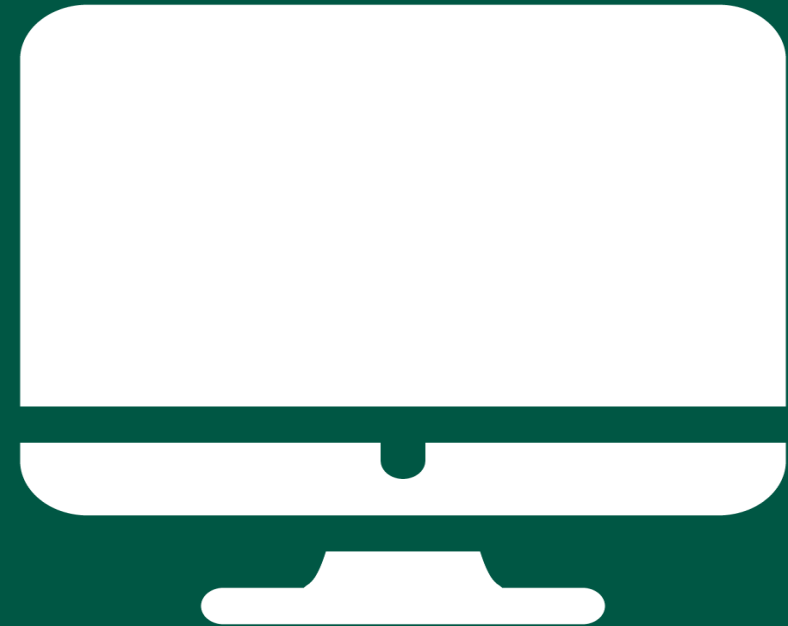
Are these nature-based or
behaviour-based solutions?

B
D
D



Have you ever heard of _____ as a **climate change solution**?

Turning off lights when not needed
Unplugging/turning off electronics



Are these nature-based or
behaviour-based solutions?

B
D
D



Have you ever heard of _____ as a **climate change solution**?

Renewable energy: solar and wind Composting



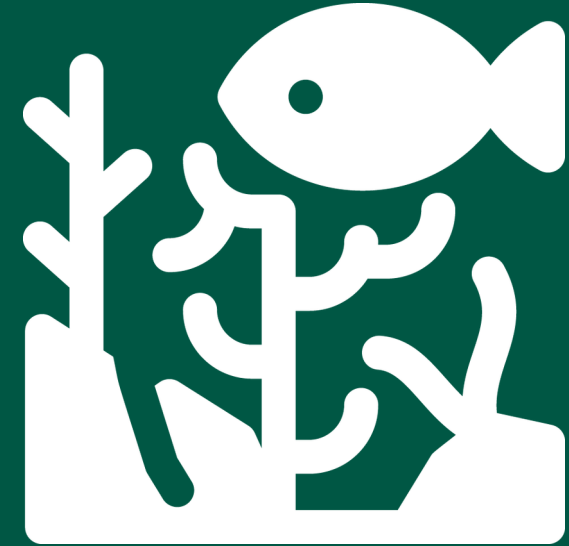
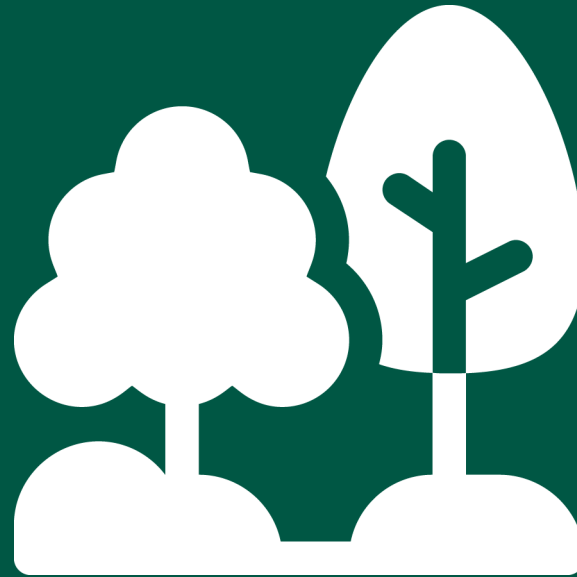
Are these nature-based or
behaviour-based solutions?

B
D
D



Have you ever heard of _____ as a **climate change solution**?

Planting a tree
Protecting forests
Protecting coral reefs



**Are these nature-based or
behaviour-based solutions?**

N



PROTECT
WETLANDS?

N



What is a wetland again?



WETLANDS: HOW
DO THEY LESSEN
THE IMPACTS OF
CLIMATE CHANGE?

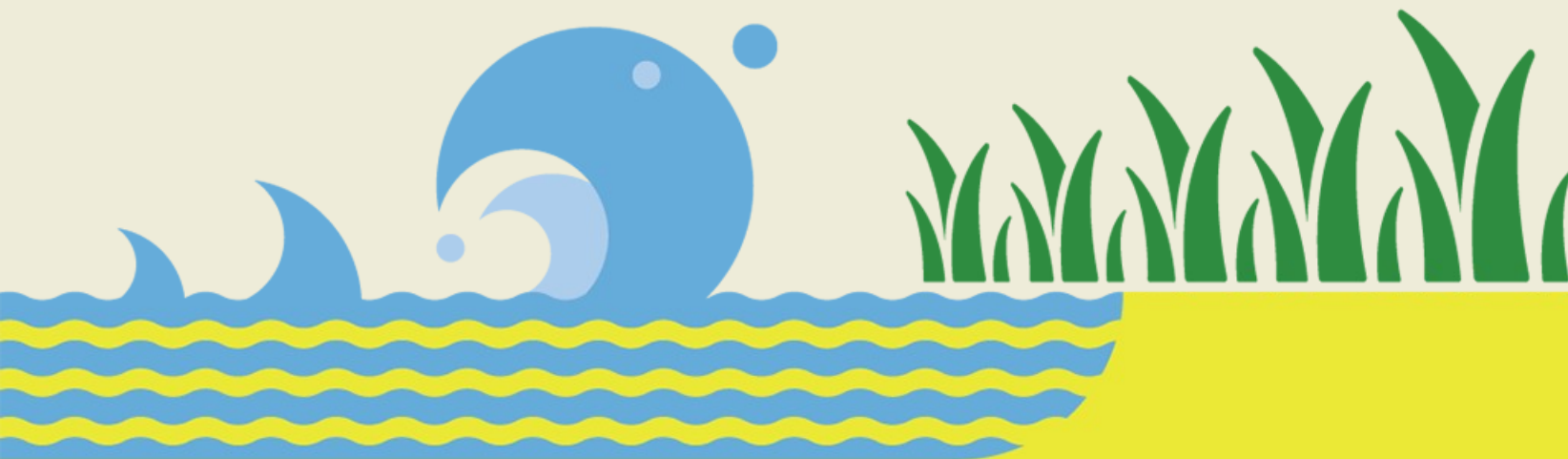


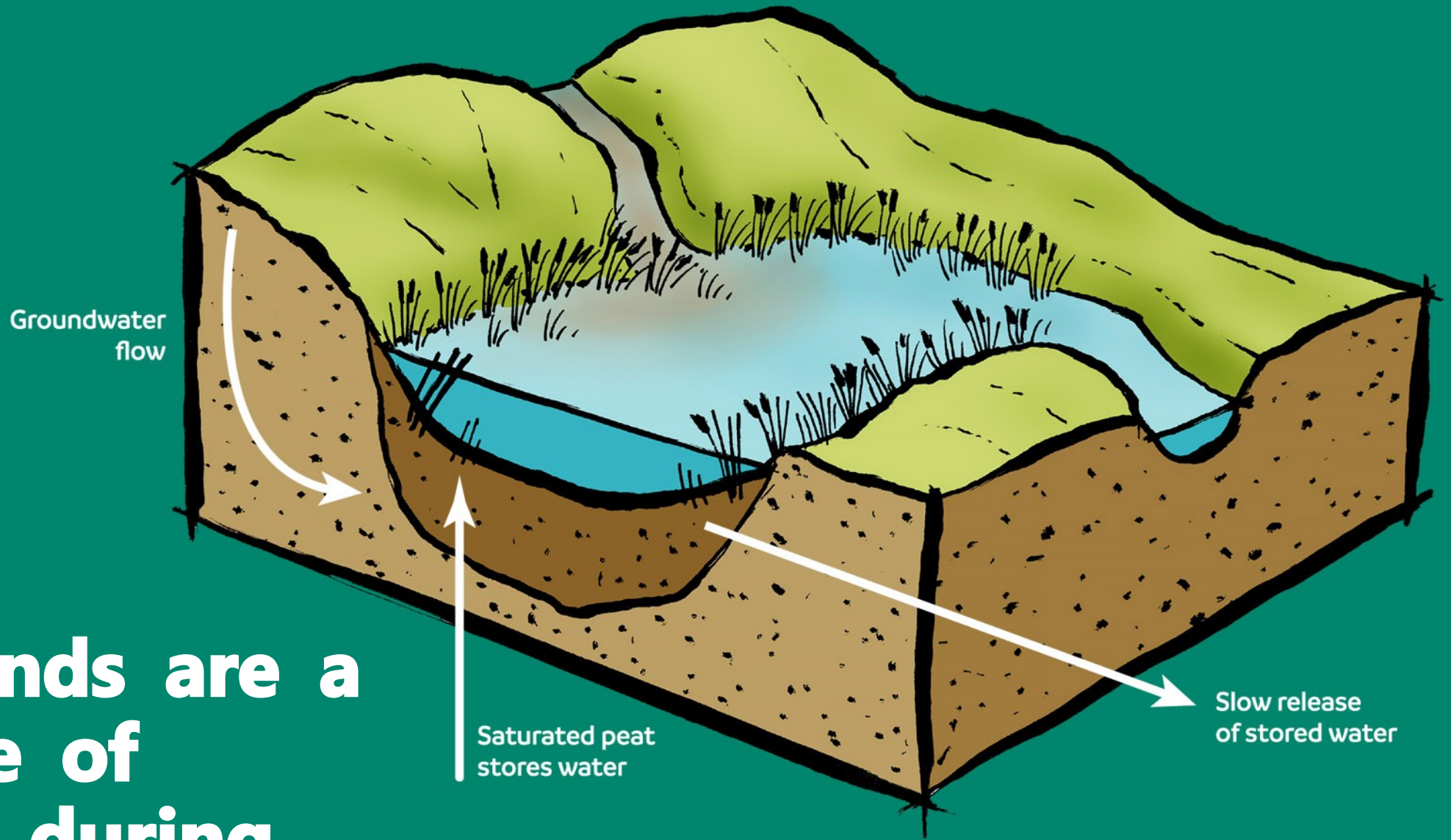
**Wetlands protect
coastal regions from
storms**



Wetlands protect coastal regions from sea-level rise

Conserving coastal wetlands helps keep rising sea levels at bay. Restoring salt marshes is one way.





Wetlands are a source of water during droughts





**Wetlands store and slow
water during floods**



**Wetlands create a
cooling effect**



Wetlands store carbon

Wetlands cover a small amount of the Earth's surface (2-5%), but account for 20-30% of carbon stored in the ground.



What is a carbon sink?

Forests

Oceans

Wetlands



What is a carbon source?



Oil and gas



Transportation



Agriculture



Buildings



Electricity



Waste management



**How do wetlands store
carbon?**





On land

Dead plants decompose and release carbon dioxide **into the air**



Underwater

Dead plants *don't fully decompose*, stopping carbon from being released





On land

**Oxygen available
for decomposition**



Underwater

**Little to no oxygen
available for
decomposition**



RECAP!

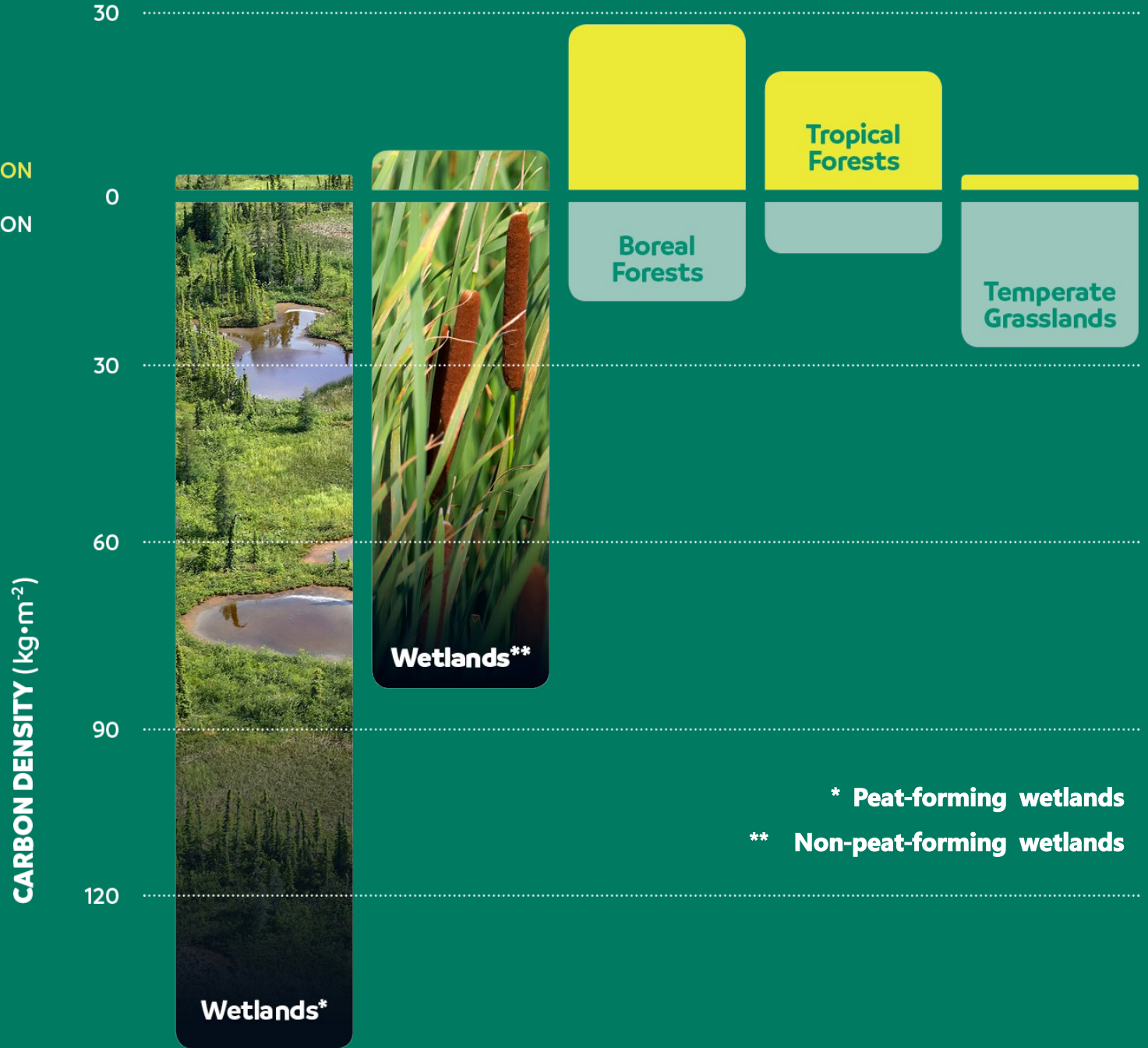
How do wetlands store carbon?

- **Wetland plants absorb carbon dioxide from the air as they grow**
- **When they die, that carbon doesn't get released back into the air**



Storing carbon

PLANT CARBON
SOIL CARBON



* Peat-forming wetlands
** Non-peat-forming wetlands

Special mention: peatlands

Decomposition is slow, so over thousands of years carbon (dead plant material) accumulates, more than in any other ecosystem.

Peatlands cover 3% of the earth's land, but store 30% of all carbon.





Special mention: blue carbon

Blue carbon is the term for carbon captured by coastal and marine ecosystems

Powerful carbon sink: as sea levels rise, more and more carbon is captured in coastal wetlands



CAN WETLANDS
BECOME A
CARBON SOURCE?



Yes, when they are drained! The balance of carbon that goes in versus out, tips over to more carbon being released into the atmosphere than captured.



CAN CLIMATE
CHANGE
NEGATIVELY AFFECT
WETLANDS? **YES!**



What makes a wetland is its hydroperiod

This is the amount of consecutive days/year that a wetland is wet – affecting what vegetation grows and which species use the wetland for shelter, food and reproduction.



Climate change is affecting the lengths of “wet periods” in wetlands

In some places, wetlands will become more wet – while in other places wetlands will become more dry



Climate change is affecting the lengths of "wet periods" in wetlands

This may make it harder for wetlands to provide us with:

- productive ecosystems
- habitat for wildlife to thrive
- natural filtration of contaminants



**IT'S OK TO NOT
FEEL OK** WHEN
TALKING ABOUT
CLIMATE CHANGE.



FEAR ANGER
ANXIETY
HOPESLESSNESS
DENIAL
GRIEF



**WHAT IS DUCKS
UNLIMITED
CANADA DOING
ABOUT IT?**

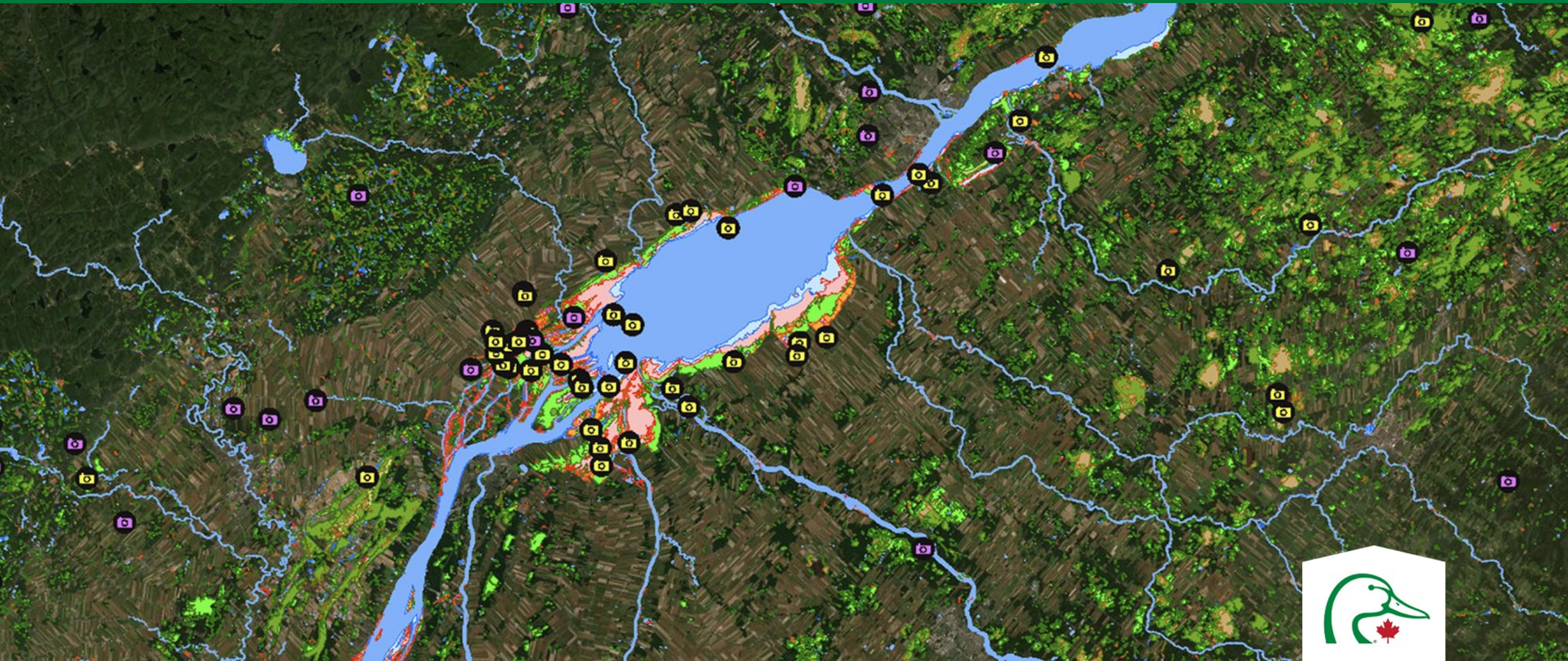


Research

Our scientists have discovered that it's better to **conserve existing wetlands** than build new ones.



Research: Modeling the future



Conservation



Ask for change

Working on policy changes to increase wetland protections



Education



Wetland Centres of Excellence

Network of schools engaging in student-led conservation



Wetland Activities

Award-winning resources available for teachers and students

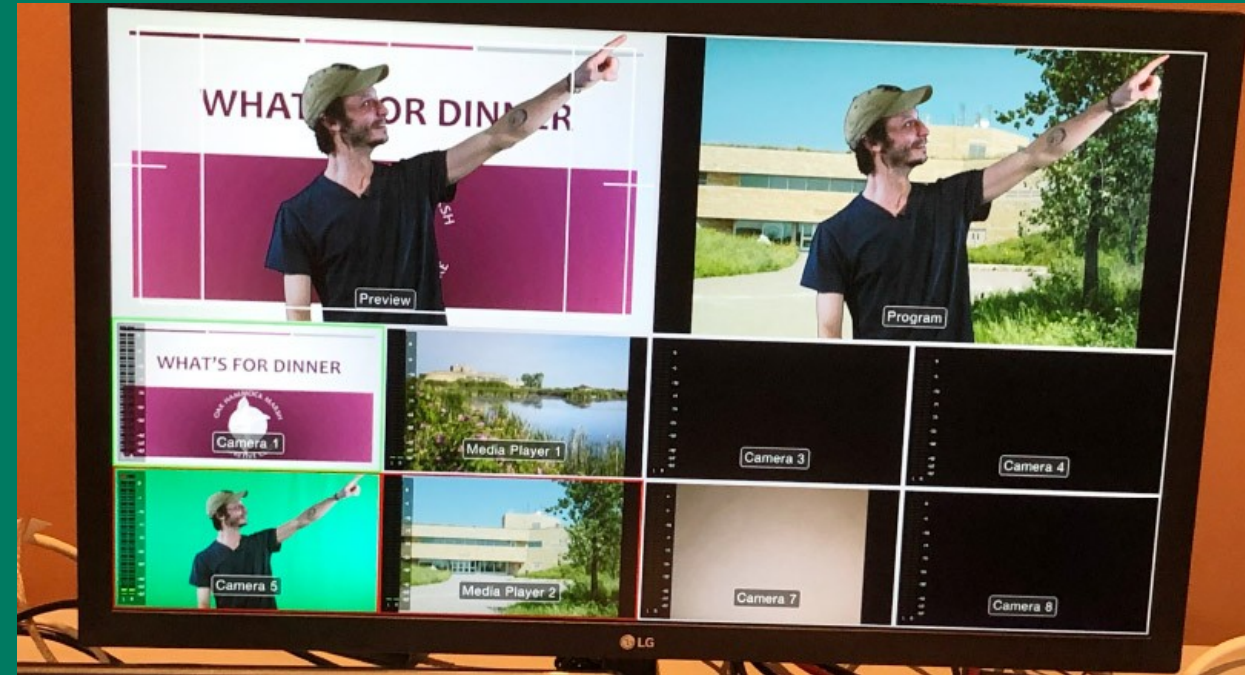


Education



DUC Interpretive Centres

Centres that connect people of all ages with the wonders of nature



Online Education

Virtual field trips where students discover what makes wetlands special



Education



Wetland Heroes Program

Recognizing young leaders making a difference for our wetlands



Time for a change of pace!
**Take a 45-minute break to
complete the “My Hobby,
Our Climate” exercise.**

(If not, jump to slide 51.)



Meet five teenagers from across Canada



What activities
do you enjoy doing?



**WE HAVE ALL
OF THIS TO GAIN
IF WE TACKLE THE
CLIMATE CRISIS
NOW**



THE FUTURE IS NOT WRITTEN YET

Yes, our future will be different – but it is up to us to decide what our future will look like. We can choose a different path!



A BETTER FUTURE MEANS A CHANGE OF BEHAVIOUR

On a personal scale and on a societal scale – communities, cities, provinces and countries need to change behaviours.



Why is change hard?

- **Loss aversion: being afraid of losing what we have, more than what we can gain**
- **Knowing it will be difficult**
- **Frustrating because of uncertainty around it**
- **Thinking all or nothing, which is a counterproductive to reach our goal. Change is gradual and has setbacks, and that is OK!**



REMEMBER:
CHANGE DOES
HAPPEN

...and youth can make a difference!



Example: Maple Spring (2012) – Quebec students protest tuition fee hikes



Result: Tuition
fee
hike cancelled



Autumn Peltier, 13

Result: New fund created to protect water for First Nations communities



Greta Thunberg, 17

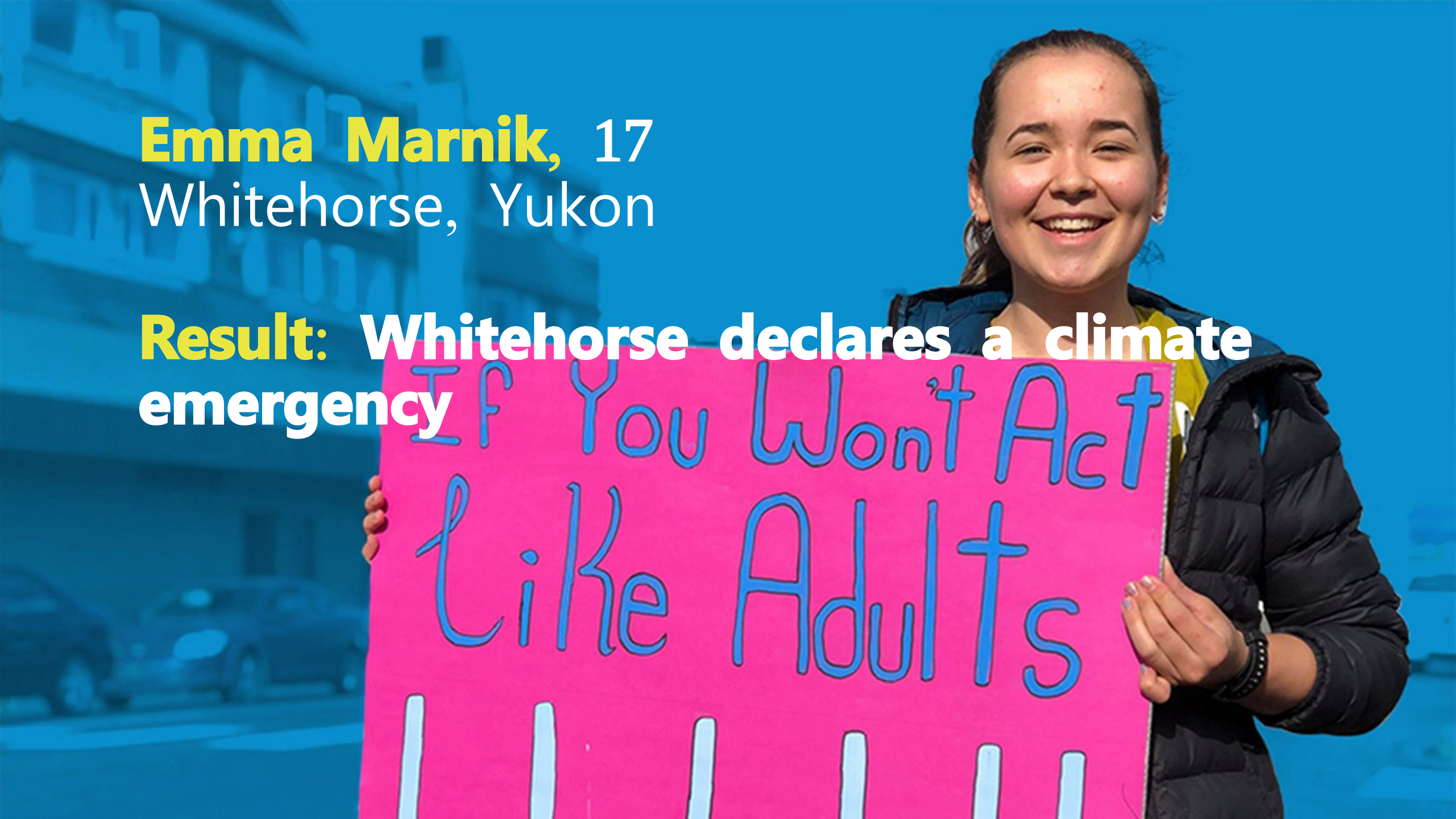
Result: Climate strikes in 160+ countries

PHOTOS © MICHAEL CAMPANELL/KATE MUNSCH



Emma Marnik, 17
Whitehorse, Yukon

Result: Whitehorse declares a climate emergency

A young woman with dark hair tied back, wearing a dark puffer jacket, is smiling and holding a large pink sign. The sign has blue text that reads "If You Won't Act Like Adults". The background is a bright blue sky with a blurred building in the distance.

If You Won't Act
Like Adults



Chase Cardinal, 19
Calgary, Alberta

Result: Climate strikes
grew to thousands of
supporters





Savi Gellatly-Ladd,
17

Toronto, Ontario

**Result: Brought
hundreds of people
into the climate
movement**



**WHAT CAN
I DO ABOUT
IT?
LET'S TALK
SOLUTIONS!**



Take action... **IN YOUR SCHOOL**

Advocate for **curriculum changes**

Start a schoolyard **compost bin**

Join the **environment club**



Take action... **IN YOUR COMMUNITY**

Meet local **politicians**

Join an **advocacy group**

Join a local **community garden**



Take action... **PERSONALLY**

Start a **project**



Bike or carpool to **get around**



Get out and **vote**



If you take action...

**LET US
KNOW!**



Nominate yourself as a Wetland Hero

We recognize young leaders making a difference for our wetlands!



What's your idea?

- We want to hear about it! Send us a message at education@ducks.ca
- A good plan helps make an idea come true. Check out our [student planning guide](#) to help your project succeed.
- Nominate yourself as a Wetland Hero: www.ducks.ca/initiatives/wetland-heroes/
- Like us on Facebook: [@educationducks](#)

